



Third Quarter 2026 Quarterly Results Call

October 29, 2026

Agenda

Introduction

Justine Koenigsberg

Vice President, Investor Relations

Revolutionizing Immunology with Oral Medicines

Nello Mainolfi, PhD

Founder, President and Chief Executive Officer

KT-579 Phase 1 Healthy Volunteer Data

Terence Rooney, MD

Chief Medical Officer

Third Quarter 2026 Results

Bruce Jacobs, CFA, MBA

Chief Financial Officer

Closing Remarks

Nello Mainolfi, PhD

Founder, President and Chief Executive Officer

Question and Answer Session



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Revolutionizing Immunology with Oral Medicines

Nello Mainolfi, PhD

Founder, President and CEO

A Long Overdue Paradigm Shift in Immunology Treatment

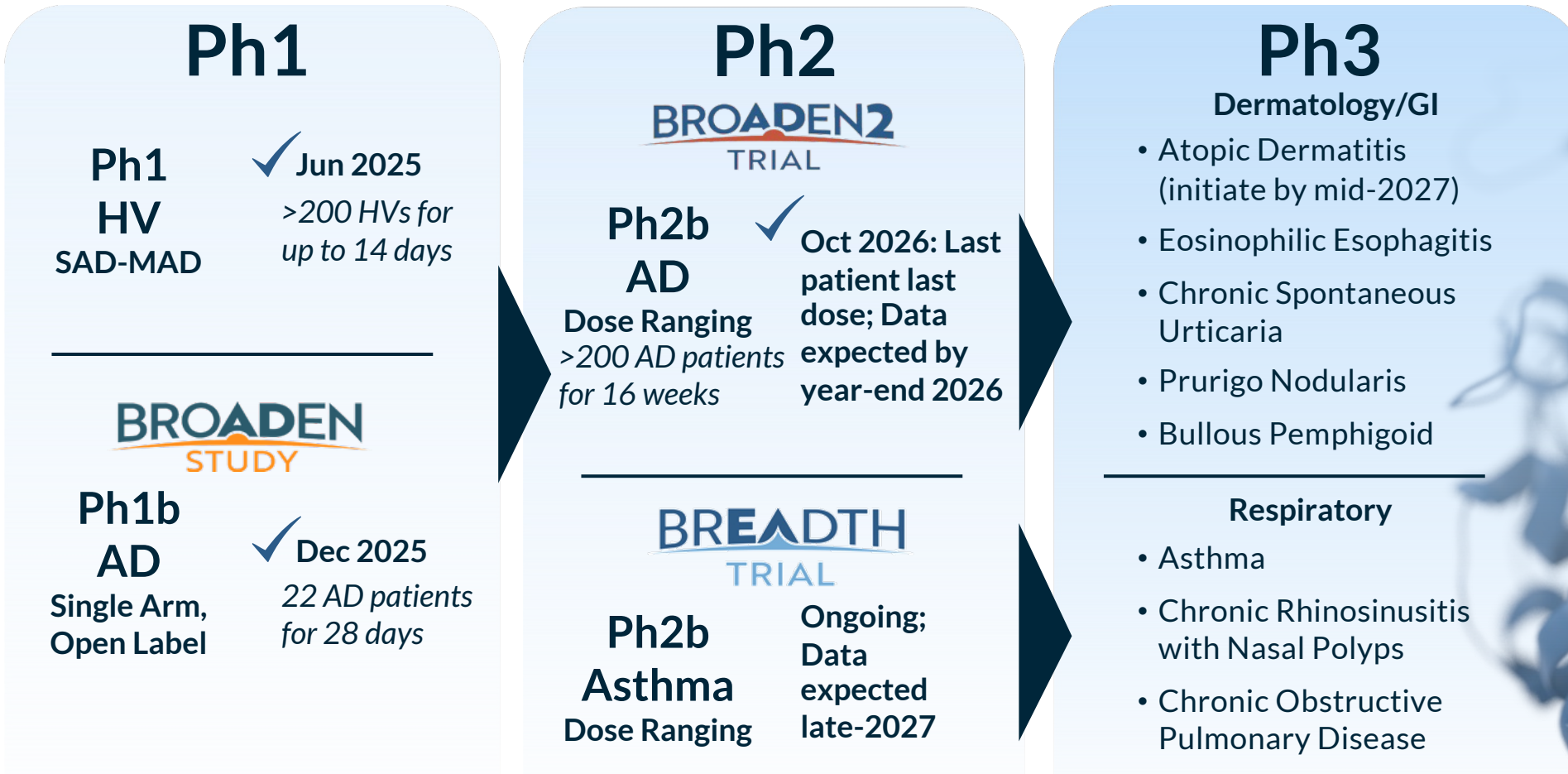
Existing treatments have **functional limitations** that create gaps in care

Leaving millions of patients **without adequate treatment options**

An effective, safe, and convenient oral medication **could transform patient care**



KT-621 Accelerated Development Enabled Early De-risking and Efficient Path to Registration Across All Type 2 Diseases



Early Phase 1 data showed deep target/pathway engagement, promising efficacy and favorable safety profile; Phase 2bs in AD and asthma have the potential to support Phase 3 trials across multiple indications

KT-621: Atopic Dermatitis Patient Opportunity

Moderate/Severe AD
6-9M Patients (U.S.)¹



Treated w/
Adv. Sys. Therapies
~400K
(~\$10B market)

Patients range
from **ages 12+**

Only **~5%** treated with
advanced systemic
therapy

Reasons for Low Penetration

- ▶ **Reluctance to use Advanced Systemic Therapies**
Many patients don't accept their disease state to justify an injectable biologic or oral option with boxed safety warnings
- ▶ **High Treatment Burden**
Multiple injections, blood tests, cold storage, access/reimbursement challenges

KT-621

- Opportunity to be a first line treatment option
- Potentially the first safe, effective, oral for patients across all Type 2 diseases

¹Company estimates based on industry and peer-reviewed research.

Building a Best-in-Industry Oral Immunology Pipeline

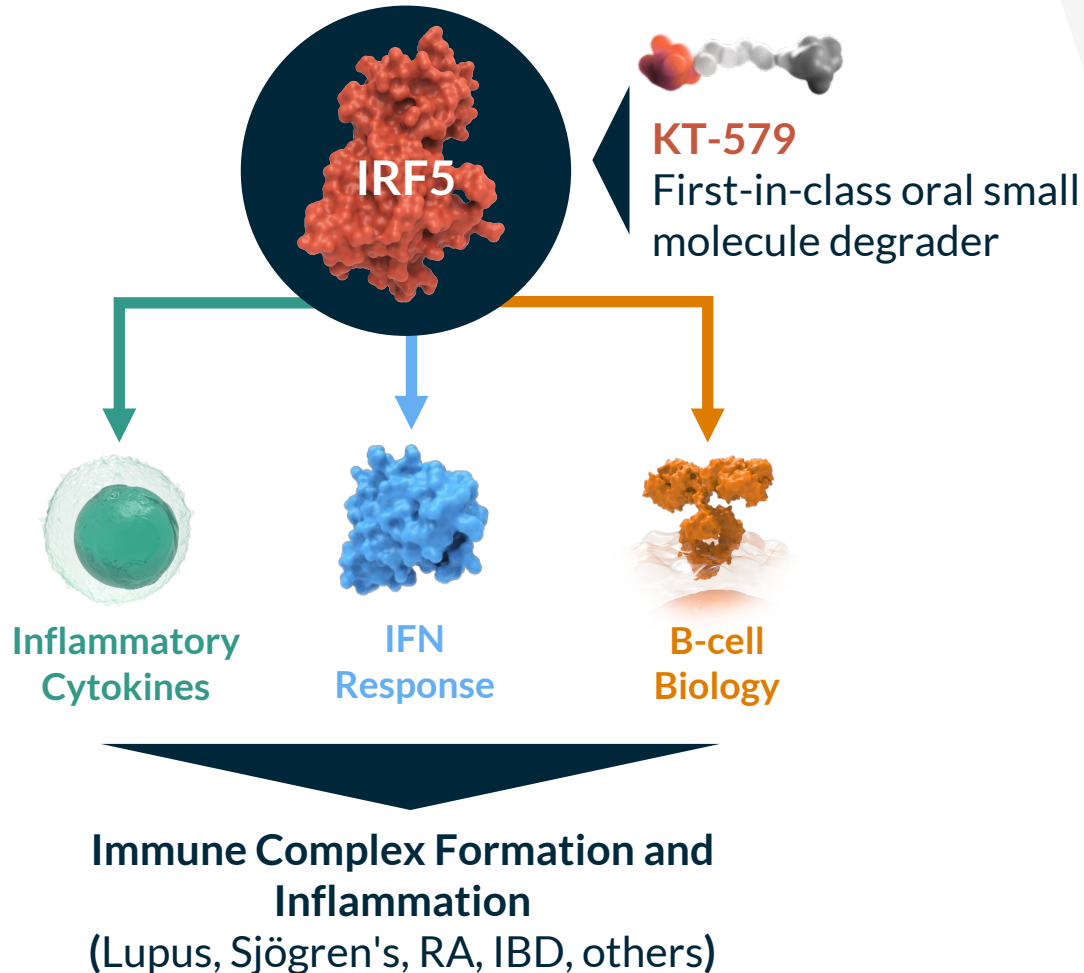
Combining the Convenience of Oral Drugs and the Activity of Biologics

	Potential Indications	Patient Opp. ¹	IND-Enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Upcoming Milestones
Immunology - Wholly-Owned Oral Small Molecule Degraders							
STAT6	AD, Asthma, COPD, EoE, CRSwNP, CSU, PN, BP, others	>140M	<div>KT-621 – AD</div> <div>KT-621 – Asthma</div>				Ph2b AD Data: By year-end 2026 Ph2b Asthma Data: Late-2027 Ph3 AD Start: By mid-2027
IRF5	Lupus, Sjögren's, RA, IBD, SSc, DM, others	>10M	KT-579				Ph1b Lupus Start: By early 2027
Partnered Programs							
IRAK4 ²	HS, AD, RA, Asthma, IBD, others ³	>140M	KT-485				
CDK2 ⁴	Breast cancer and other solid tumors	>500K	KT-200				IND: 2027 

¹GlobalData (2023 diagnosed prevalent patient population in US/EU5/Jp; STAT6 estimates include only AD, Asthma, COPD; IRF5 estimates include only SLE, RA, UC, CD; IRAK4 estimates include all noted indications; CDK2 estimates include all HR+/HER2- BC settings); ²KT-485 (SAR447971) partnered with Sanofi, with Kymera option to participate in the development and commercialization, and 50/50 profit split, in the United States. Double digit tiered royalties in ROW; ³Diseases where IL-1R/TLR pathway has been implicated in pathogenesis; ⁴Partnered with Gilead, exclusive option and license agreement to accelerate the development and commercialization of a novel molecular glue degrader program.

KT-579: A New Treatment Paradigm for Serious Autoimmune Diseases

IRF5 hyperactivation impacts three validated disease-defining pathways



Historically Undrugged Target

IRF5 is a genetically validated transcription factor with impact on multiple clinically validated pathways

Compelling Preclinical Profile

KT-579 demonstrated robust preclinical activity in primary human cells, patient donor cells and *in vivo* models of autoimmune diseases with a favorable safety profile

Positive Early Clinical Data

In healthy volunteers, KT-579 showed strong clinical translation with deep degradation, robust reductions of inflammatory biomarkers, and a favorable safety profile

Broad Patient Impact

Phase 1 data unlocks multiple clinical opportunities starting from upcoming lupus trial

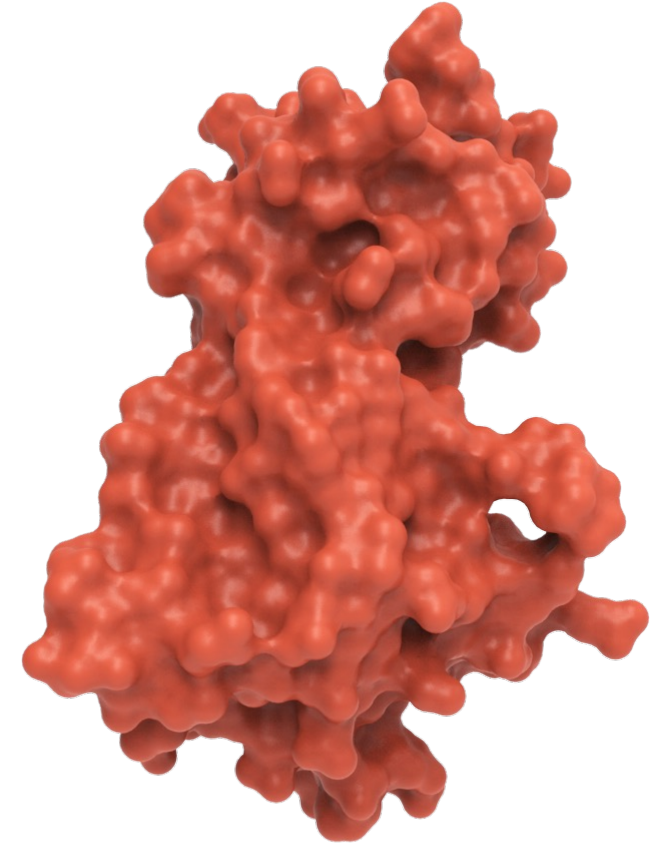


KT-579/IRF5 Degradar: Phase 1 Healthy Volunteer Data

Terence Rooney, MD
Chief Medical Officer

KT-579: Agenda

- Phase 1 Trial Design
- Demographics
- IRF5 Degradation
- *Ex Vivo* Blood Biomarkers
- Safety
- Next Steps



KT-579: First IRF5 Agent to Enter Clinical Evaluation

Phase 1 Trial: Double-blind, Placebo-controlled SAD and MAD in Healthy Volunteers

PART A

Single Ascending Dose (SAD)

Total 48 Healthy Volunteers
8 per cohort
(6:2 KT-579:Placebo)

PART B

Multiple Ascending Dose (MAD)

14x daily doses

Total 72 Healthy Volunteers
12 per cohort
(9:3 KT-579:Placebo)

Dosing

- Evaluated a range up to 600 mg with multiple daily doses for up to 14 days

Primary

- Safety & tolerability

Secondary

- Pharmacokinetic measures

Exploratory

- IRF5 protein levels in blood
- *Ex vivo* blood biomarkers and pathway gene transcripts:
 - Inflammatory cytokines
 - IFN response
 - B-cell biology

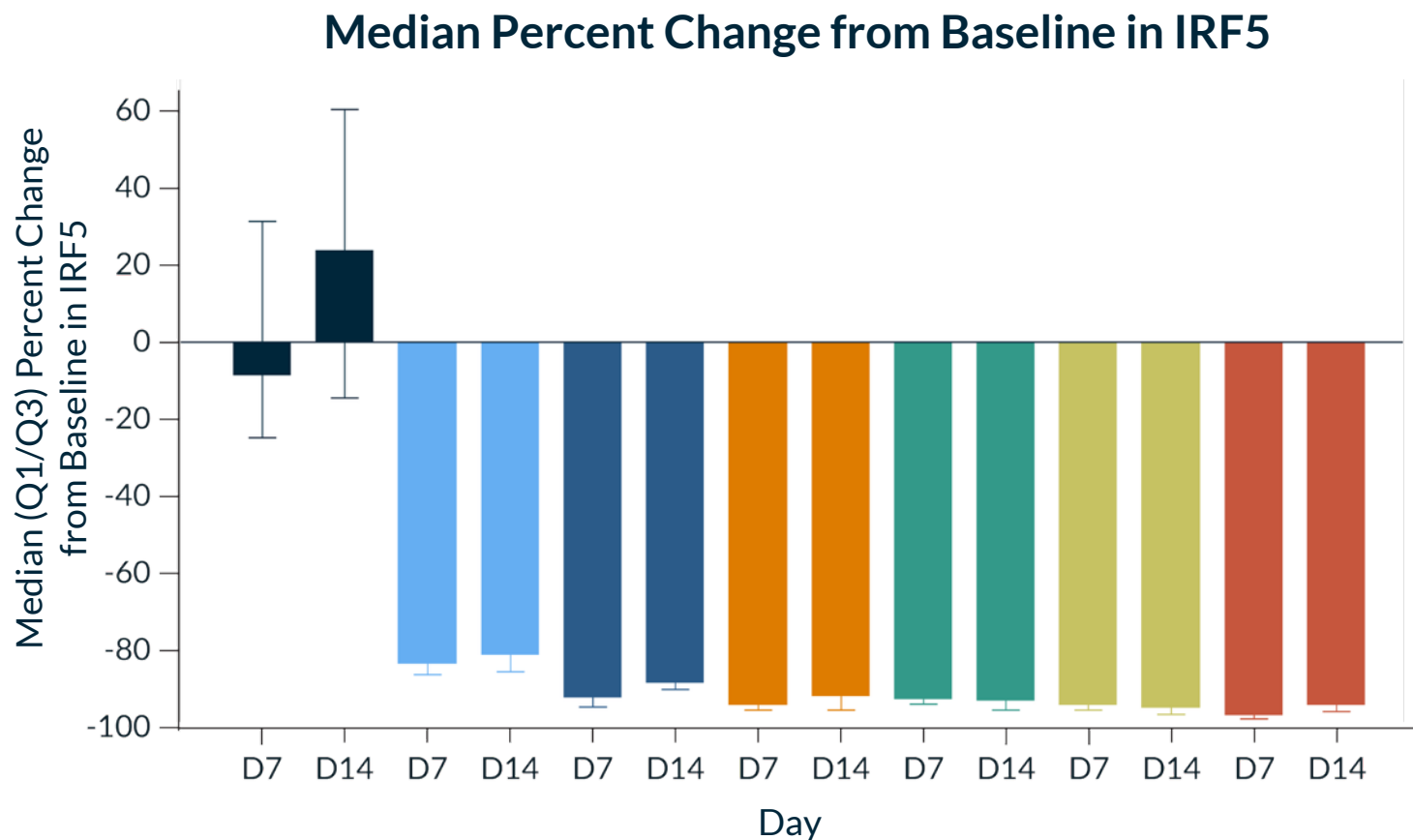
Key Trial Aim

Key trial aim to show that **KT-579 can robustly degrade IRF5 in blood** at doses that are safe and well-tolerated

Phase 1 SAD/MAD Demographics

	SAD 1-6: PBO (n=12)	SAD 1-6: KT-579 (n=36)	MAD 1-6: PBO (n=18)	MAD 1-6: KT-579 (n=54)
Gender, n (%)				
Female	3 (25.0%)	10 (27.8%)	7 (38.9%)	7 (13.0%)
Male	9 (75.0%)	26 (72.2%)	11 (61.1%)	47 (87.0%)
Age, years, median (range)				
	38.0 (19, 53)	37.5 (22, 55)	38 (21, 51)	35.5 (20, 54)
Ethnicity, n (%)				
Hispanic or Latino	3 (25.0%)	7 (19.4%)	4 (22.2%)	18 (33.3%)
Non-Hispanic or Latino	9 (75.0%)	29 (80.6%)	14 (77.8%)	36 (66.7%)
Race, n (%)				
White	9 (75.0%)	25 (69.4%)	15 (83.3%)	35 (64.8%)
Black or African American	1 (8.3%)	8 (22.2%)	1 (5.6%)	15 (27.8%)
Asian	1 (8.3%)	1 (2.8%)	1 (5.6%)	2 (3.7%)
Multiple	1 (8.3%)	2 (5.6%)	1 (5.6%)	2 (3.7%)

Multiple Daily Doses of KT-579 Achieved >90% IRF5 Degradation in Blood Across Almost All Dose Levels

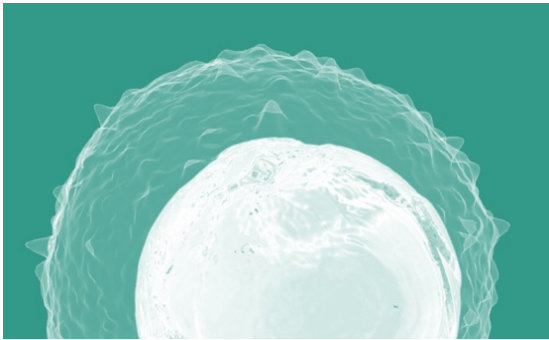


	Median % IRF5 Change	n	D7	D14
	Placebo	18	-9%	24%
	Dose 1	9	-83%	-81%
	Dose 2	9	-92%	-89%
	Dose 3	9	-94%	-92%
	Dose 4	9	-93%	-93%
	Dose 5	9	-94%	-95%
	Dose 6	9	-97%	-94%

- KT-579 dosed daily for 14 days showed dose dependent exposure and degradation
- Degradation at every dose by Day 14 was statistically significant ($p \leq 0.0001$ for all comparisons of KT-579 vs. Placebo)

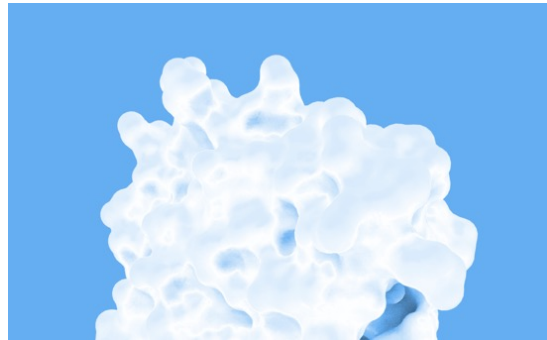
Complementary Ex Vivo Biomarker Assays Capture the Breadth of IRF5 Biology Across Three Key Immune Pathways¹

INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES²



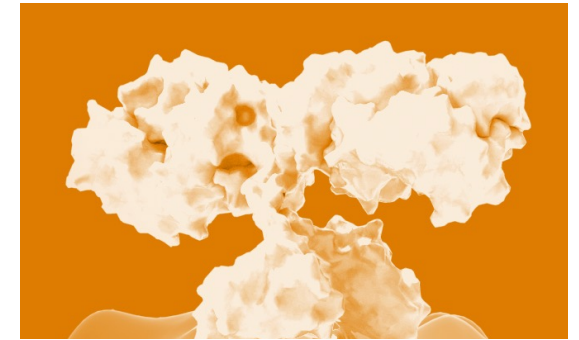
- IRF5 promotes production of key inflammatory cytokines in myeloid cells
- When dysregulated, these responses can sustain chronic inflammation, relevant to several autoimmune diseases

INTERFERON RESPONSE³



- IRF5 connects nucleic-acid sensing with broader interferon-associated transcriptional responses
- Interferon dysregulation is a central feature of several autoimmune diseases, where it amplifies immune activation and contributes to inflammation

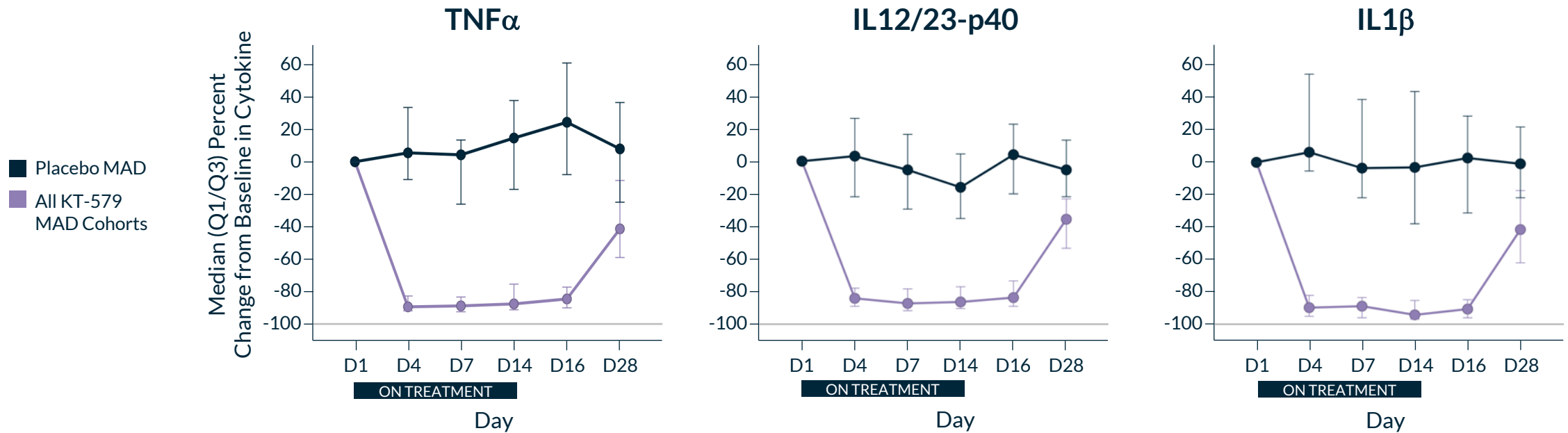
B-CELL BIOLOGY⁴



- IRF5 contributes to immune responses linked to B-cell activation and autoantibody-related biology
- This axis is particularly relevant in several autoantibody driven autoimmune diseases

¹Wang et al., *Signal Transduction and Targeted Therapy*, 2024; ²Krausgruber et al., *Nature Immunology*, 2011; ³Barnes et al., *J Biol Chem*, 2001; ⁴De et al., *Frontiers in Immunology*, 2018.

Multiple Daily Doses of KT-579 Achieved Deep Inhibition of Clinically Validated Inflammatory Cytokines

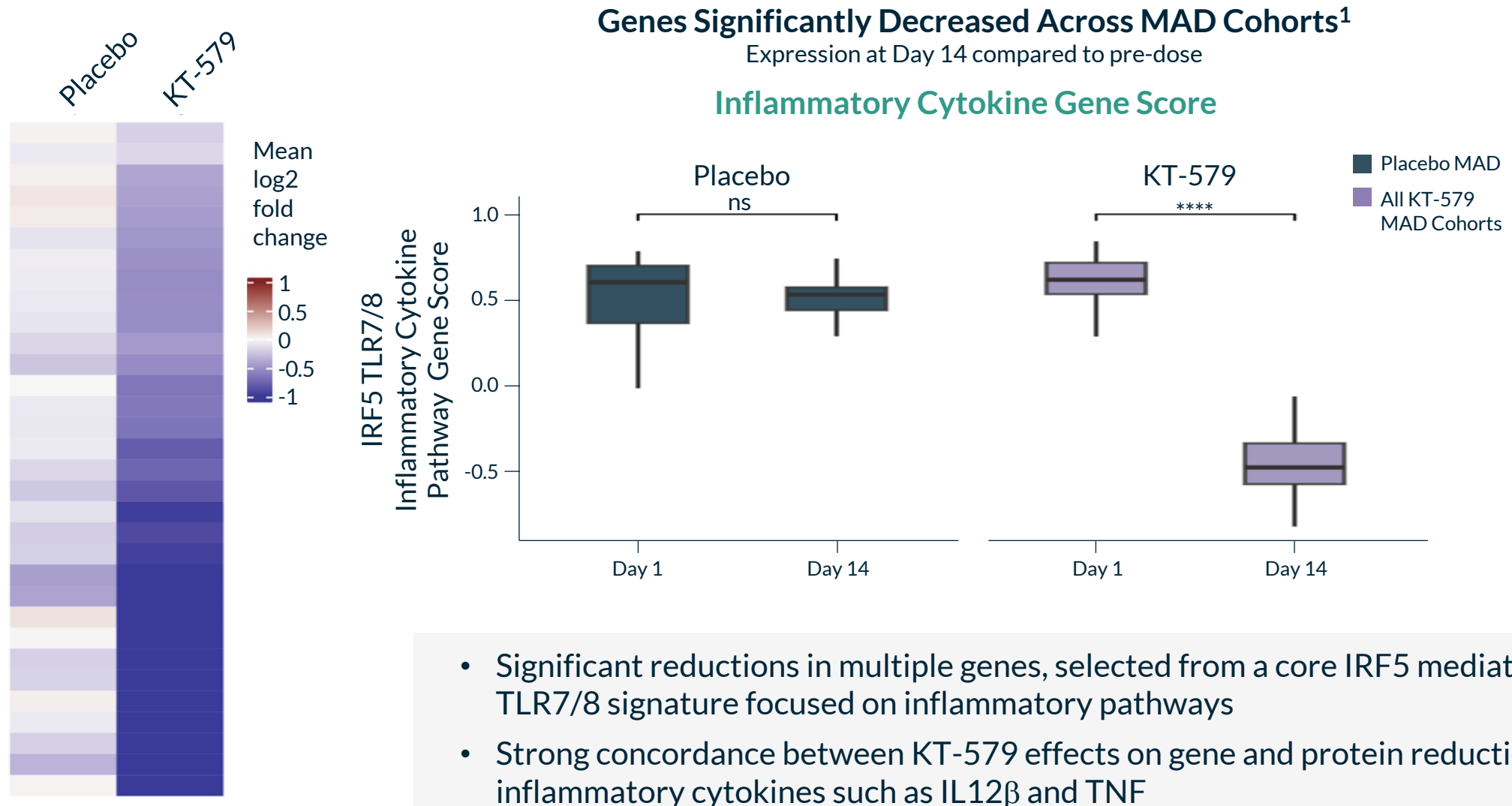


Median Cytokine Inhibition Day 14 - R848 (TLR7/8) Ex Vivo Stimulation

Median Inhibition Day 14 ¹	TNF α	IL12/23-p40	IL1 β
Placebo	15%	-16%	-3%
All KT-579 MAD Cohorts	-88%	-87%	-94%

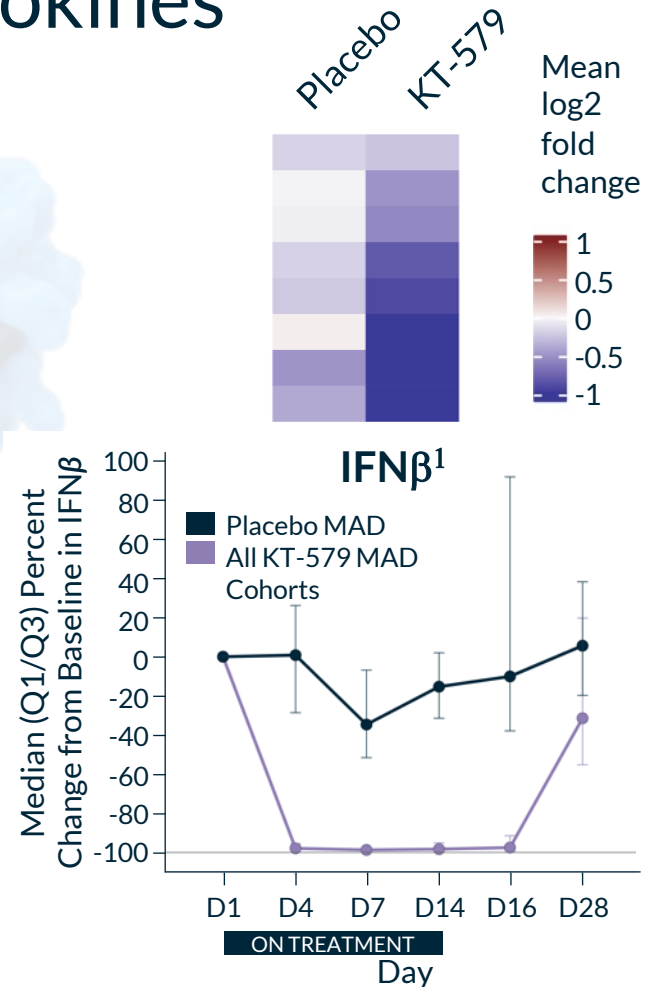
¹Placebo, n=18, and all KT-579 MAD cohorts, n=52, two subjects were excluded due to a processing error.

KT-579 Downregulates Inflammatory Cytokine Pathway Genes



¹Genes from pre-defined gene sets from preclinical KT-579 data across ex vivo stimulations; Names of genes have been removed; Significance defined as downregulated $\geq 1.5x$ with adj. P value ≤ 0.05 ; All KT-579 MAD cohorts n=52, Placebo n=18; Signature scores were calculated using GSVA; Paired t-test on GSVA scores; P-values are shown as *** for $p < 0.001$, **** for $p < 0.0001$.

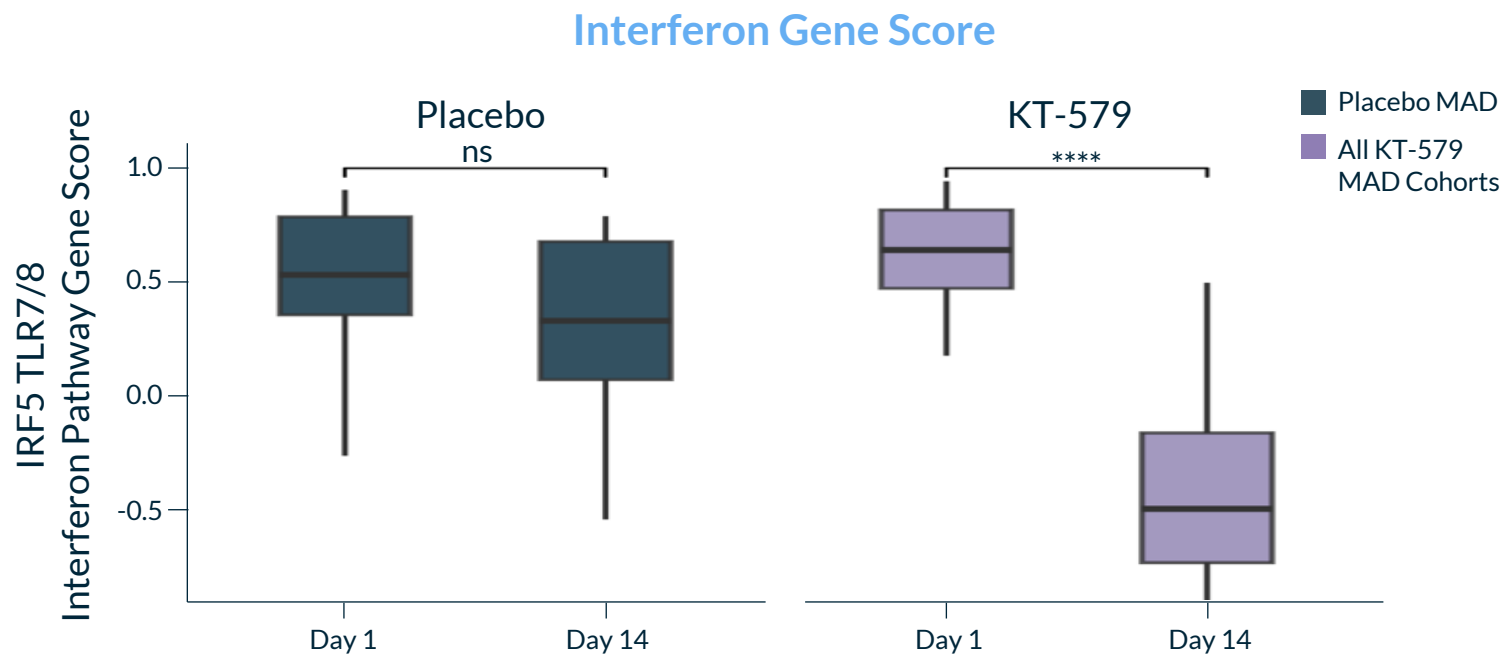
KT-579 Downregulates Interferon Pathway Genes and Cytokines



Median Inhibition Day 14 ¹	IFNβ
Placebo	-15%
All KT-579 MAD Cohorts	-98%

Genes Significantly Decreased Across MAD Cohorts²

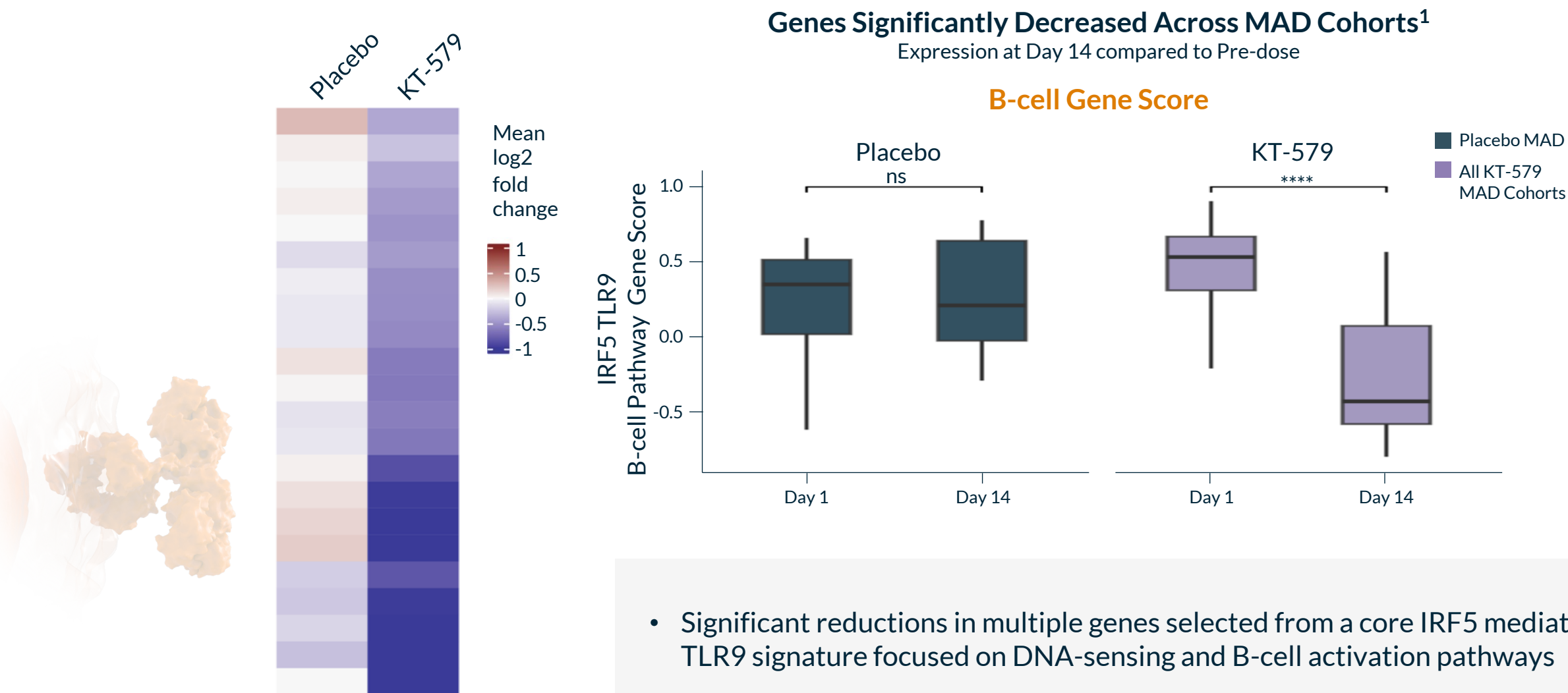
Expression at Day 14 compared to Pre-dose



- Significant reductions in multiple genes selected from a core IRF5 mediated TLR7/8 signature focused on the interferon pathway

¹All KT-579 MAD cohorts, n=54, Placebo, n=18; ²Genes from pre-defined gene sets from preclinical KT-579 data across ex vivo stimulations; Names of genes have been removed; Significance defined as downregulated $\geq 1.5x$ with adj. P value ≤ 0.05 ; All KT-579 MAD cohorts n=52, Placebo n=18; Signature scores were calculated using GSVA; Paired t-test on GSVA scores; P-values are shown as *** for $p < 0.001$, **** for $p < 0.0001$.

KT-579 Downregulates B-cell Pathway Genes



¹Genes from pre-defined gene sets from preclinical KT-579 data across ex vivo stimulations; Names of genes have been removed; Significance defined as downregulated $\geq 1.5x$ with adj. P value ≤ 0.05 ; All KT-579 MAD cohorts n=52, Placebo n=18; Signature scores were calculated using GSVA; Paired t-test on GSVA scores; P-values are shown as *** for $p < 0.001$, **** for $p < 0.0001$.

Healthy Volunteer SAD/MAD Safety Summary

KT-579 Well Tolerated Across All Doses Evaluated with Safety Profile Comparable to Placebo

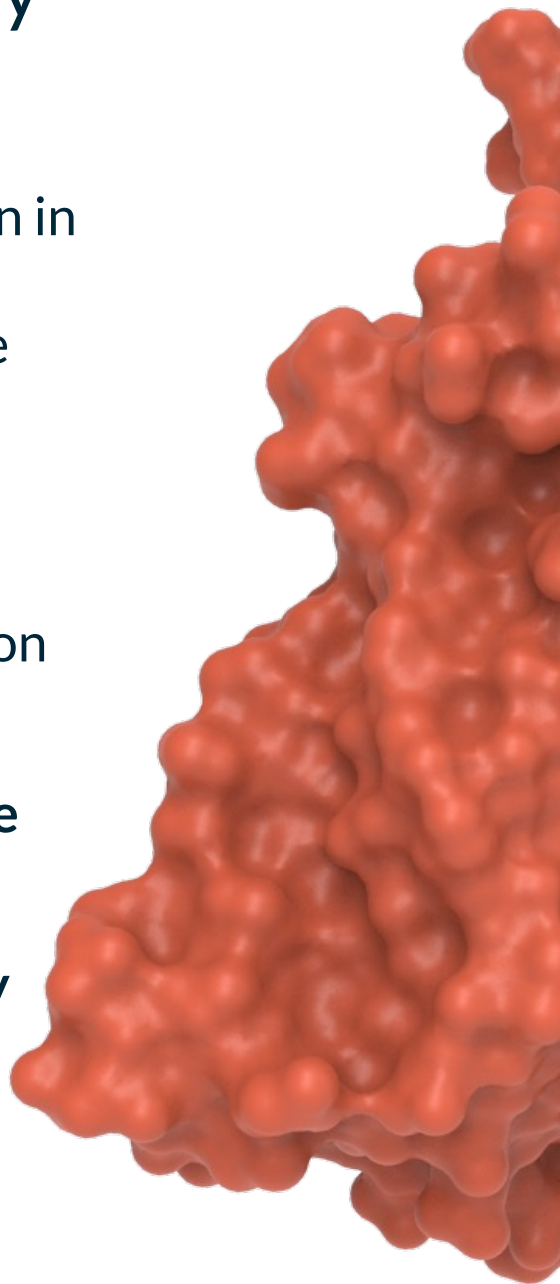
- No SAEs
- No Severe AEs
- No AEs leading to study drug discontinuation
- No dose-dependent pattern in the TEAEs
- No imbalances in the rates of infections
- No clinically relevant changes in vital signs, laboratory tests, or ECGs

TRAEs that Occurred in >1 Participant (MAD/SAD* Cohort)		
AE Term (<i>severity</i>)	MAD 1-6 Placebo (n=18)	MAD 1-6 KT-579 (n=54)
Headache (<i>mild</i>)	4 (22.2%)	3 (5.6%)
Myalgia (<i>mild</i>)	0 (0.0%)	2 (3.7%)
Constipation (<i>mild</i>)	2 (11.1%)	1 (1.9%)

*No TRAEs occurred in more than one participant in the SAD cohorts

KT-579 Phase 1 Summary

- Deep, sustained IRF5 degradation in blood, with **≥90% median IRF5 degradation** across multiple dose levels in MAD
- Robust **suppression of disease-relevant blood biomarkers** for inflammatory cytokines, interferon response, and B-cell biology
- Downregulation of **pathway gene transcripts**
- **Favorable safety and tolerability profile** in healthy volunteers



A Novel Oral Mechanism for
Serious Autoimmune Diseases



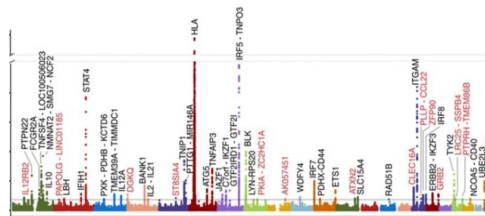
KT-579: First-in-Industry Opportunity in Lupus

Novel Oral Mechanism to Address Underlying Biology for High-Burden Disease

GENETICS/PRECLINICAL VALIDATION

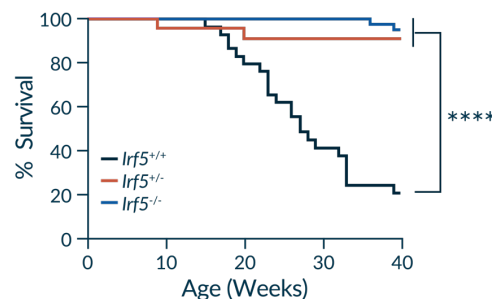
✓ Meta Analysis

Meta-analyses identified IRF5 as a risk locus for lupus¹



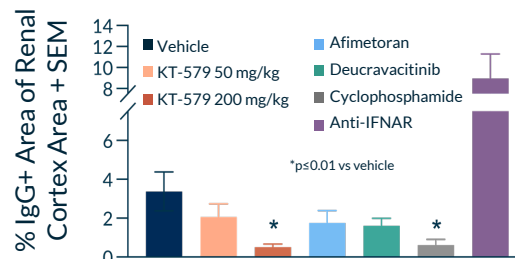
✓ Survival

IRF5 KO increases survival in mice and has essential role in lupus²



✓ Disease-modifying Activity

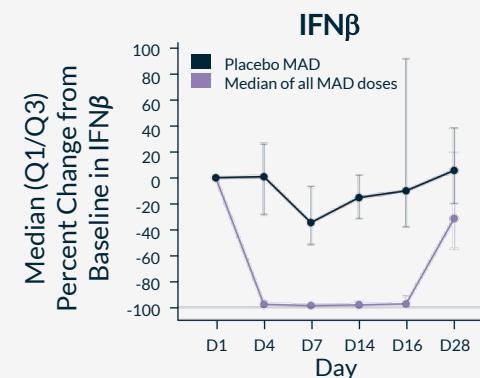
Activity comparable or superior to existing agents in preclinical lupus models



CLINICAL VALIDATION

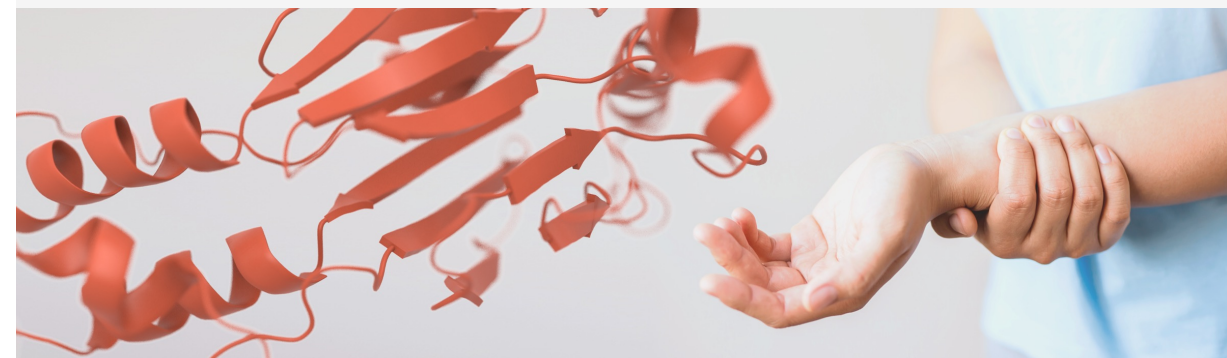
✓ KT-579 Phase 1 Data

Modulation of key pathway biology in Phase 1 HV trial



✓ Pathway Validation

Pathways clinically validated in lupus (mAbs/depletors)



KT-579: LUMORA Phase 1b Trial

Biomarker Study for First-in-Class Mechanism in Lupus Patients



**Adult Patients with Systemic
Lupus Erythematosus**

Baseline entry criteria:

- ANA $\geq$ 1:80
- BILAG-2004 score A or B¹
- Oral corticosteroid background therapy permitted

Design

- Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled
- ~30 patients

Dosing

- KT-579 or placebo (2:1)
- Dosing for 16-weeks

Endpoints

- Safety and tolerability
- Pharmacokinetics
- IRF5 protein levels in blood
- Biomarkers
 - Inflammatory cytokines
 - IFN response
 - B-cell biology
- Exploratory disease endpoints

Key Trial Aim

Biomarker study to demonstrate that **KT-579** can **modulate underlying disease biology** with a favorable safety and tolerability profile

Status update:
**Trial start by
early 2027**

¹In mucocutaneous and/or musculoskeletal domains.



Third Quarter 2026 Financial Results

Bruce Jacobs, CFA, MBA
Chief Financial Officer

Third Quarter 2026 Income Statement

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Collaboration revenue	\$ —	\$ 2,764	\$ 99,365	\$ 36,341
<i>Operating expenses:</i>				
Research and development	\$ 128,509	\$ 74,094	\$ 346,152	\$ 232,737
General and administrative	18,723	17,336	60,207	51,252
Impairment of long-lived assets	—	3,855	—	3,855
Total operating expenses	147,232	95,285	406,359	287,844
Loss from operations	(147,232)	(92,521)	(306,994)	(251,503)
Total other income, net	15,233	10,346	44,550	27,133
Net loss	\$ (131,999)	\$ (82,175)	\$ (262,444)	\$ (224,370)

Balance Sheet

	September 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash, cash equivalents & marketable securities	\$1,645,883	\$1,619,434



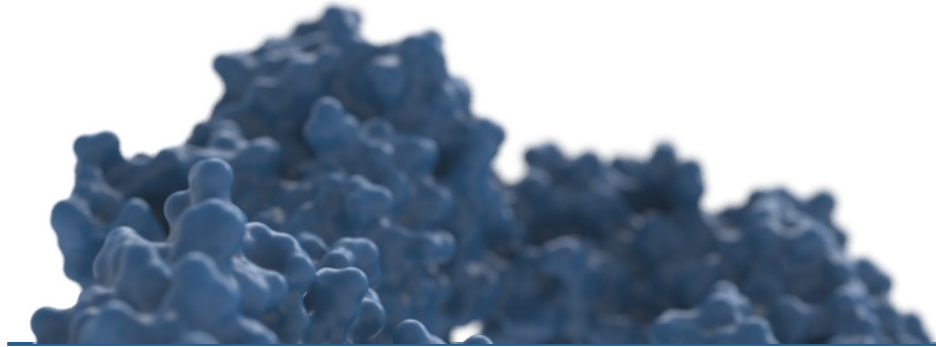
Closing Remarks

Nello Mainolfi, PhD

Founder, President and CEO

Kymera Wholly Owned Immunology Programs

Fundamental Immuno-inflammatory Pathways with Large Market Potential



KT-621/STAT6

Innovation

Potential to be the first and only oral medicine for Type 2 diseases

Early Validation

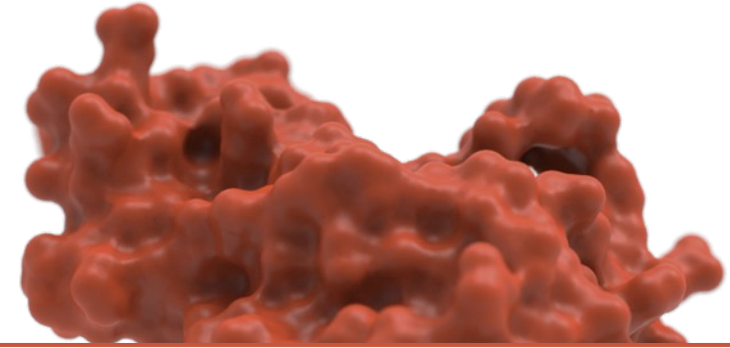
Compelling profile in Phase 1 HV and AD trials showing blockade of IL-4/IL-13 signaling and early efficacy, with favorable safety profile

Opportunity

A once-daily pill could transform/expand the market for common diseases: AD, asthma, EoE, COPD, others

Status

- **BROADEN Ph2b AD** data by year-end 2026
- **BREADTH Ph2b asthma** data by late-2027
- **Phase 3 AD** start by mid-2027



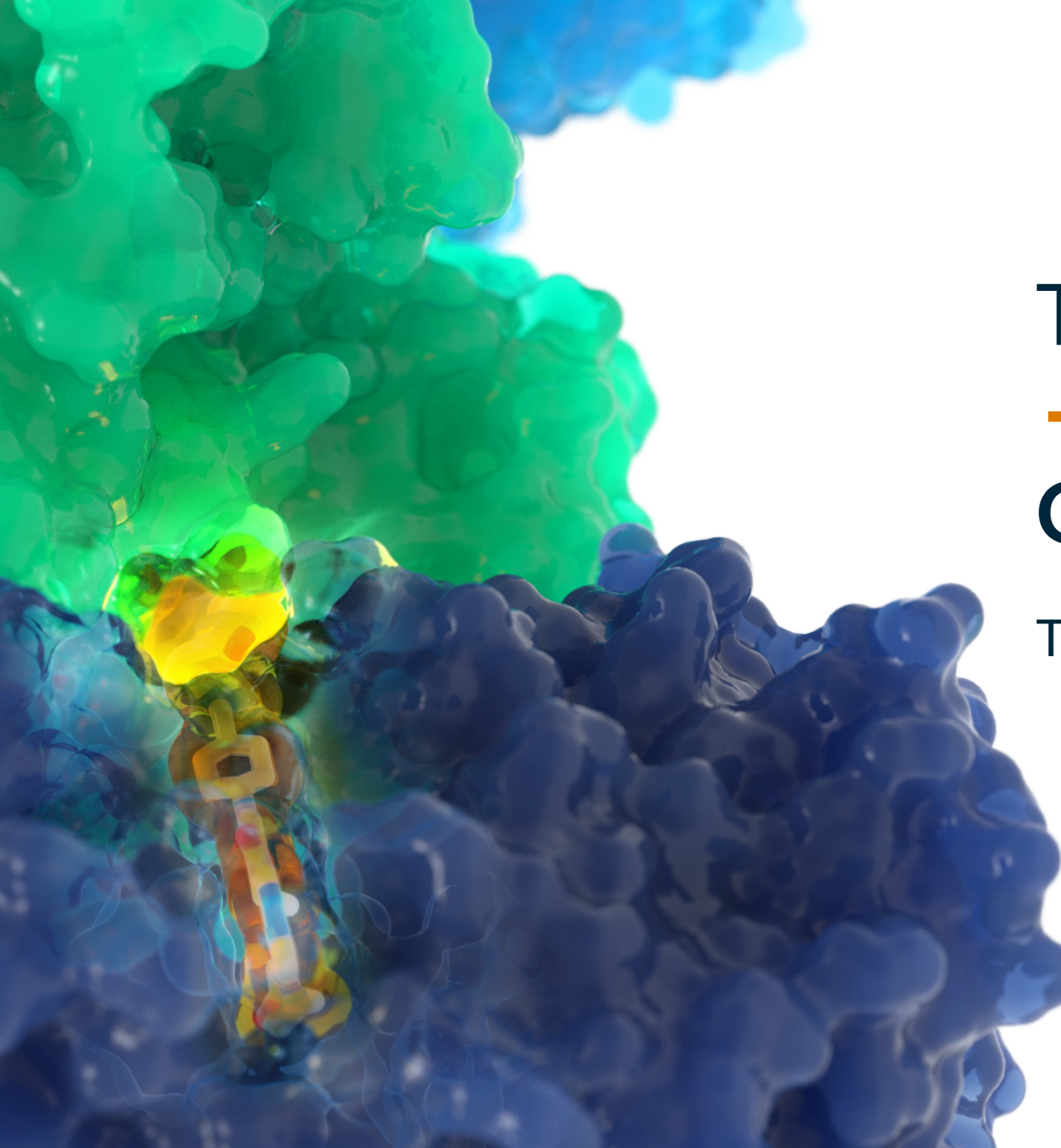
KT-579/IRF5

Kymera's seventh first-in-class molecule to enter the clinic, demonstrating strong human translation of PK/PD and safety

In Phase 1 HV, demonstrated robust degradation, safety, and modulation of three disease-driving pathways: inflammatory cytokines, IFN response and B-cell biology

Genetically validated across multiple serious autoimmune diseases: lupus, Sjögren's, RA, IBD, others

- **LUMORA Ph1b lupus** start by early 2027



Thank You

Q&A

To ask a question, raise your virtual hand